Charity Registration No. 13399

Company Registration No. 82114 (Republic of Ireland)

### GOOD SHEPHERD CORK (A company limited by guarantee) DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

**Directors** 

Jim Mulcahy

Miriam De Barra

(Chairperson)

Ann Marie O'Sullivan Ethna McDermott Patrick Caffrey Garvan Corkery Brendan Lenihan

Brigette Mintern

(Appointed 21 January 2015) (Appointed 17 November 2015)

Secretary

Sr. Jane Murphy

Charity number

13399

Company number

82114

Principal address

Bruac Eile,

Redemption Road,

Cork.

Registered office

Bruac Eile,

Redemption Road,

Cork.

**Auditors** 

Moore Stephens,

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm,

83 South Mall,

Cork.

**Bankers** 

Allied Irish Bank,

33 North Main Street,

Cork.

**Solicitors** 

O' Flynn Exhams & Partners,

58 South Mall,

Cork.

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### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1 to the financial statements and comply with the Companies Act 2014 and "Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (effective 1 January 2015)".

### Objectives and activities

The company Good Shepherd Cork has charitable status (CHY13399) and is registered with the Charities Regulatory Authority (CRA Number: 20041618). The main object for which the Company is established is to help women and children who are vulnerable to homelessness to live more fulfilled and self-sufficient lives.

The subsidiary objects for which the Company is established are:

- to provide, facilitate, arrange the provision of, and to manage, residential accommodation for short, intermediate and long terms;
- to offer education, training, counselling, assistance, advice, information, support, encouragement and guidance to those contemplated by the Company's main object and to others in furtherance of that object;
- to foster and promote a spirit of independence and self-reliance in those served by the Company;
- to engage in advocacy in relation to homelessness and its causes and on behalf of those served by the Company.

### Principal risk and uncertainty

The main risk facing the company is the reduction/loss of Government funding to operate the company. In addition, recent revelations about some charities conduct has impacted the public confidence in the sector and may negatively affect support in the coming years.

The company has assessed the major risks to which it is exposed and are satisfied that systems are in place to mitigate exposure to the major risks.

### Achievements and performance

The Board are satisfied with the overall achievements and performance of the company in a very challenging year for homeless services nationally. Numbers wishing to access our services continued to grow due to the lack of housing available from local authorities, social housing bodies and private landlords.

### Financial review

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

It is the policy of the company that unrestricted funds should be maintained at a level equivalent to three months of normal expenditure. The company considers that reserves at this level will ensure that, in the event of a significant drop in funding, they will be able to continue the company's current activities while consideration is given to ways in which additional funds may be raised. This level of reserves has been maintained throughout the year.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### Structure, governance and management

The charity is a company limited by guarantee. There is a voluntary board of directors who delegate the day to day running of the service to a Chief Executive Officer. Managers are employed in each section of the service and there is administration and human resource support to ensure that proper and correct policies, procedures and accountability is maintained.

The directors who served during the year were:

Jim Mulcahy

Seamus O'Connell

(Resigned 30 September 2015)

Miriam De Barra

Ann Marie O' Sullivan

Ethna McDermott

Patrick Caffrey

Garvan Corkery

Brendan Lenihan

Brigette Mintern

(Appointed 21 January 2015)

(Appointed 17 November 2015)

### **Administrative Details**

Charity number: 13399

Company number: 82114

The company changed its name from Good Shepherd Services Limited to Good Shepherd Cork on 1 July 2016.

### Post balance sheet events

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company in financial years subsequent to the financial period ended 31 December 2015.

### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the directors in office at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that:

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- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

Miriam De Barra

Director

Dated:

Garvan Corkery

Directo

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The company directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and Accounting Standards (Ireland Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

The law applicable to companies in Ireland requires the company to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the incoming resources and application of resources of the company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the company directors:

- select suitable accounting policies and then applies them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepares the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in operation.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Miriam De Barra
Director

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCLUDING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

		Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total 2015	Total 2014
I	Notes	€	€	€	€
Income from:					
Donations and legacies	3	88,185	-	88,185	55,628
Charitable activities	4	1,893,086	172,058	2,065,144	1,988,577
Investments	5	9,389	-	9,389	23,131
Total income		1,990,660	172,058	2,162,718	2,067,336
Expenditure on:				· ·	
Charitable activities	6	2,009,110	172,046	2,181,156	2,075,355
Total resources expended		2,009,110	172,046	2,181,156	2,075,355
Net (expenditure)/income for the year/					
Net movement in funds		(18,450)	12	(18,438)	(8,019)
Fund balances at 1 January 2015		1,276,587	-	1,276,587	1,284,606
Fund balances at 31 December 2015		1,258,137	12	1,258,149	1,276,587

### **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

		20	2015		14
	Notes	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		604,033		575,589
Investments	11		637,030		843,226
			1,241,063		1,418,815
Current assets					
Debtors	13	60,028		43,934	
Cash at bank and in hand		458,724		164,567	
		518,752		208,501	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	14				
one year		(144,075)		(149,036)	
Net current assets			374,677		59,465
Total assets less current liabilities			1,615,740		4 470 000
Deferred income	15		(357,591)		1,478,280 (201,693)
Net assets			1,258,149		1,276,587
Income funds					
Restricted funds	16		12		
Unrestricted funds - Building Reserve	17	852,626		843,237	
Unrestricted funds - General		405,511		433,350	
Unrestricted funds			1,258,137		1,276,587
			1 258 140		1 276 597
			1,258,149		1,276,587

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on \_\_\_\_\_ and are signed on its behalf by:

Miriam De Barra

Garvan Corkery Director

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		201	5	2014	
	Notes	€	€	€	€
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	20		163,783		30,258
Investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds on disposal of other investments Interest received	20	(85,211) 206,196 9,389	103,763	(17,561) (28,570) 23,131	30,258
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities			130,374		(23,000)
Net cash used in financing activities			-		_
Net increase in cash and cash equiva	alents		294,157		7,258
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	g of year		164,567		157,309
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	year		458,724		164,567

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 1 Accounting policies

### Company information

Good Shepherd Cork is a company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. In the event of the charity being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to €1 per member of the charity.

### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), "Accounting and Reporting by Charities" the Statement of Recommended Practice for charities applying FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2014 as it applies from 1 January 2015. The charity is a Public Benefit Entity as defined by FRS 102.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest €.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention and the principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 are the first financial statements of Good Shepherd Cork prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2014. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

### 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

### 1.3 Charitable funds

Unrestricted funds are available for use at the discretion of the directors in furtherance of their charitable objectives unless the funds have been designated for other purposes.

Under the SORP, income earned from the provision of goods and services under contract is classified as unrestricted funds because it is not a gift and so cannot be restricted by trust law.

Restricted funds are subject to specific conditions by donors as to how they may be used. The purposes and uses of the restricted funds are set out in the notes to the financial statements.

### 1.4 Incoming resources

Income is recognised when the company is legally entitled to it after any performance conditions have been met, the amounts can be measured reliably, and it is probable that income will be received.

Donated professional services and donated facilities are recognised as income when the charity has control over the item, any conditions associated with the donated item have been met, the receipt of economic benefit from the use by the charity of the item is probable and that economic benefit can be measured reliably.

On receipt, donated professional services and donated facilities are recognised on the basis of the value of the gift to the charity, which is the amount the charity would have been willing to pay to obtain services or facilities of equivalent economic benefit on the open market; a corresponding amount is then recognised in expenditure in the period of receipt.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Legacies are recognised on receipt or otherwise if the company has been notified of an impending distribution, the amount is known, and receipt is expected. If the amount is not known, the legacy is treated as a contingent asset.

Unrestricted funds are available to spend on activities that further any of the purposes of the charity. Restricted funds are donations which the donor has specified are to be solely used for particular areas of the company's work or for specific projects being undertaken by the company.

### 1.5 Resources expended

Support costs are those functions that assist the work of the charity but do not directly undertake charitable activities. Support costs include back office costs, finance, personnel, payroll and governance costs which support the company's activities. The bases on which support costs have been allocated are set out in note 7.

### 1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following basis:

Land and buildings

Plant and machinery Fixtures, fittings & equipment

Motor vehicles

2%/4% straight line

12.5%/20% reducing balance

10%/12.5% straight line

12.5% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in net income/(expenditure) for the year.

### 1.7 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in income/(expenditure for the year, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried in at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

### 1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

### 1.9 Financial instruments

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised when the charity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of operations from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

### 1.10 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

### 1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

### 1.12 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

### 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

### **Critical judgements**

The directors are of the view that there are no judgements (apart from those involving estimates) in applying their accounting policies that have had a significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

(Continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors are of the view that there are no estimates or assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities.

### 3 Donations and legacies

**Donations** 

2014	2015
€	€
55,628	88,185

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### Income from charitable activities

	Analysis by fund 2014 Unrestricted funds Restricted funds		Analysis by fund 2015 Unrestricted funds Restricted funds		FAS grant	YPFSF grant	Amortisation of capital grants	Cork City Council	HSE	Rent	Tusla		
			3.		gianio		grants						m
950,211	947,112 3,099	977,544	974,472 3,072	977,544			3,072	204,342	270,680	70,196	429,254	m	Edel House
235,240	235,240	241,960	241,960	241,960	20,704	20 704 -		1	221,256	1		<b>(h</b>	Aftercare
608,252	605,980 2,272	627,283	625,011 2,272	627,283		ı	2,272	1	1	240	624,771	<b>ሐ</b>	Riverview
59,157	53,312 5,845	56,695	51,043 5,652	56,695	1,015	2 ,	5,652	1			50,028	<b>ሐ</b>	Bruac H
900	900	350	350	350	350	)			ı		•	(h)	Bruac Henrietta's
47,522	47,522	43,332	43,332	43,332	1 1	43,332			1	1		m	YPFSF
87,295	- 87,295	117,980	250 117,730	117,980	250 117,730	)		1	1	ı	1	ф	YPFSF Bruac LTI
		2,065,144	1,893,086 172,058	2,065,144	22,319 117,730	43,332	10,996	204,342	491,936	70,436	1,104,053	ф	Total
1,988,577	1,842,544 146,033			1,988,577	22,800 87,295	47,522	11,216	201,750	479,781	67,853	1,070,360	<b>⊕</b> 1	Total

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5	Investments			
			2015 €	2014 €
	Interest receivable		9,389	23,131
6	Expenditure on charitable activities			
		2015		2014
		€		€
	Staff costs	1,786,673		1,682,558
	Depreciation and impairment	56,767		
	Insurance	21,260		57,433 17,051
	Light & heat	31,355		29,197
	Repairs & maintenance	90,903		83,382
	Office expenses	7,969		27,317
	Crafts	437		1,551
	Recreation	11,256		2,377
	Printing, postage & stationary	15,012		11,905
	Telephone	8,672		7,561
	Motor & travel	13,542		12,732
	U/18's expenses	43		2,305
	Client care	9,199		4,414
	Household expenses	36,257		49,267
	Sundry expenses	13,902		17,512
	Course materials	8,337		_
	Support costs	69,572		68,793
		2,181,156		2,075,355
	Analysis by fund			
	Unrestricted funds	2.000.440		4 000 000
	Restricted funds	2,009,110 172,046		1,929,322 146,033
		2,181,156		2,075,355

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 7 Support and governance costs

Support costs €	Governance costs €	2015 €	2014 €
1,200 500 38,654 18,696 687 4,792	5,043	1,200 500 38,654 18,696 687 4,792 5,043	1,615 4,417 25,544 18,851 739 12,484 5,143
	1,200 500 38,654 18,696 687 4,792	1,200 - 500 - 38,654 - 18,696 - 687 - 4,792 - 5,043	€       €         1,200       -       1,200         500       -       500         38,654       -       38,654         18,696       -       18,696         687       -       687         4,792       -       4,792         -       5,043       5,043

### 8 Directors

None of the directors (or any persons connected with them) received any remuneration or benefits from the company during the year.

### 9 Employees

### **Number of employees**

The average monthly number employees during the year was:

	2015 Number	2014 Number
Care staff	39 	38
Employment costs	€	€
Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	1,585,726 164,758 36,189	1,487,720 159,310 35,528
	1,786,673 ====================================	1,682,558

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

					10
Motor vehicles	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Plant and machinery	Land and buildings	Current financial year	
€	€	€	€	04	
56,424 -	478,093	43,092	1,193,268 85,211	Additions	
56,424	478,093	43,092	1,278,479	At 31 December 2015	
				Depreciation and impairment	
56.424	408,811	42,281	687,772	At 1 January 2015	
-	14,230	116	42,421	Depreciation charged in the year	
56,424	423,041	42,397	730,193	At 31 December 2015	
				Carrying amount	
-	55,052	695	548,286	At 31 December 2015	
-	69,282	811	505,496	At 31 December 2014	
Motor vehicles	Fixtures, fittings &		Land and buildings	Prior financial year	
€			€		
•				Cost	
56.424	470,778	43,092	1,183,022		
-	7,315	<u> </u>	10,246	Additions	
56,424	478,093	43,092	1,193,268	At 31 December 2014	
				Depreciation and impairment	
54 190	392 740	42 165	648.760	At 1 January 2014	
2,234	16,071	116	39,012	Depreciation charged in the year	
56,424	408,811	42,281	687,772	At 31 December 2014	
	-			Carrying amount	
_	69,282	811	505,496	At 31 December 2014	
2,234	78,038	927	534,262	At 31 December 2013	
				Fixed exact investors (	11
				i iagu assel ilivestments	11
€					
	vehicles  €  56,424   56,424   56,424   Motor vehicles  €  56,424   56,424   56,424   2,234   2,234	fittings & equipment	### Pittings & equipment	buildings         machinery         fittings & equipment         vehicles           €         €         €         €           1,193,268         43,092         478,093         56,424           85,211         -         -         -           1,278,479         43,092         478,093         56,424           687,772         42,281         408,811         56,424           42,421         116         14,230         -           730,193         42,397         423,041         56,424           548,286         695         55,052         -           505,496         811         69,282         -           1,183,022         43,092         470,778         56,424           10,246         -         7,315         -           1,193,268         43,092         478,093         56,424           648,760         42,165         392,740         54,190           39,012         116         16,071         2,234           687,772         42,281         408,811         56,424           505,496         811         69,282         -           534,262         927         78,038         2,234	Second Part   Second Part

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

12	Financial instruments	2015	2014
	Carrying amount of financial assets	€	€
	Debt instruments measured at amortised cost	1,155,782	1,051,727
	Carrying amount of financial liabilities		
	Measured at amortised cost	99,671	104,961
		====	
13	Debtors		
	Amounto fallina I and I	2015	2014
	Amounts falling due within one year:	€	€
	Prepayments and accrued income	60,028	43,934
			======
14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	due Willin one year	2015	2014
		€	€
	Other taxation and social security	44.40.	
	Accruals	44,404 99,671	44,075 104,961
		144,075	149,036
15	Deferred income		
		2015	2014
		€	€
	Capital grants - restricted	190,697	201,693
	Deferred income - unrestricted	166,894	201,033
		357,591	201,693

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

### 16 Restricted funds

The income funds of the charity include restricted funds comprising the following unexpended balances of donations and grants held on trust for specific purposes:

		Movement in funds					
	Balance at 1 January 2015	Incoming resources	Resources B expended	alance at 31 December 2015			
	€	€	€	€			
Edel House Riverview Bruac Bruac LTI YPFSF	-	3,072 2,272 5,652 117,730 43,332	(3,072) (2,272) (5,652) (117,718) (43,332)	- - - 12			
	-	172,058	(172,046)	12			

### 17 Designated funds

The income funds of the charity include the following designated funds which have been set aside out of unrestricted funds by the trustees for specific purposes:

		Balance a 1 January 2018	/ resources	in funds Resources expended	Balance at 31 December 2015 €
	Building Reserve Fund	843,237 ———— 843,237			852,626 ——— 852,626
18	Analysis of net assets between funds	General Fund	Designated Funds	Restricted Funds	Total
	Fund balances at 31 December 2015 are represented by:	€	€	. aao	€
	Tangible assets Investments Current assets/(liabilities) Provisions	604,033 - (31,628) (166,894) - 405,511	637,030 215,596 - 852,626	190,709 (190,697)	604,033 637,030 374,677 (357,591) 1,258,149

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

19	Related party transactions		
	Remuneration of key management personnel The remuneration of key management personnel is as follows.		
		2015 €	2014 €
	Aggregate compensation	80,080	80,080
20	Cash generated from operations	2015 €	2014 €
	Deficit for the year	(18,438)	(8,019)
	Adjustments for:		
	Investment income recognised in profit or loss Depreciation and impairment of tangible fixed assets	(9,389) 56,767	(23,131) 57,433
	Movements in working capital:		
	(Increase) in debtors	(16,094)	(43,934)
	(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(4,961)	59,125
	Increase/(decrease) in deferred income	155,898	(11,216)
	Cash generated from operations	163,783	30,258
21	Approval of financial statements		
	The directors approved the financial statements on the		